

MODEL TSD-42 • 42F

STEAM TRAP

PRODUCT MANUAL

Thank you very much for choosing the Yoshitake's product. To ensure the correct and safe use of the product, please read this manual before use. This manual shall be kept with care for future references.

The symbols used in this manual have the following meanings.

	Warning	This symbol indicates a potentially hazardous situation that, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.
	Caution	This symbol indicates a hazardous situation that, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury or may result in only property damage.

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YOSHITAKE

1. Specifications

Model		TSD-42	TSD-42F			
Connection		JIS Rc screwed	JIS10KRF	JIS20KRF	JIS30KRF	JIS40KRF
Nominal size		10A, 15A, 20A, 25A	15A , 20A , 25A			
Application		Steam condensate				
Working pressure		0.035~ 4.2MPa	0.035~ 1.0MPa *1	0.035~ 2.0MPa *1	0.035~ 3.0MPa *1	0.035~ 4.2MPa *1
Max. permissible back pressure		50% of inlet pressure				
Max. temperature		425℃	300℃ *1	425℃ *1		
Material	Body	SCS2A cast stainless steel				
	Disc	SUS420J2 stainless steel				

*1 The relation between using pressure and using temperature is according to JIS B2220 Pressure - temperature rating.

Model		TSD-42F			
Connection		PN 25/40	ANSI 150lb	ANSI 300lb	ANSI 600lb
Nominal size		15A , 20A , 25A			
Application		Steam condensate			
Working pressure		0.035~ 4.0MPa *2	0.035~ 1.9MPa *2	0.035~ 4.2MPa *2	
Max. permissible back pressure		50% of inlet pressure			
Max. temperature		400℃ *2	425℃ *2		
Material	Body	SCS2A cast stainless steel			
	Disc	SUS420J2 stainless steel			

*2 The relation between using pressure and using temperature is according to BS EN 1092-1, ASME B16.5 Pressure - temperature rating.



Caution

Please confirm that the indications on the product correspond with the specifications of the ordered product model before use.

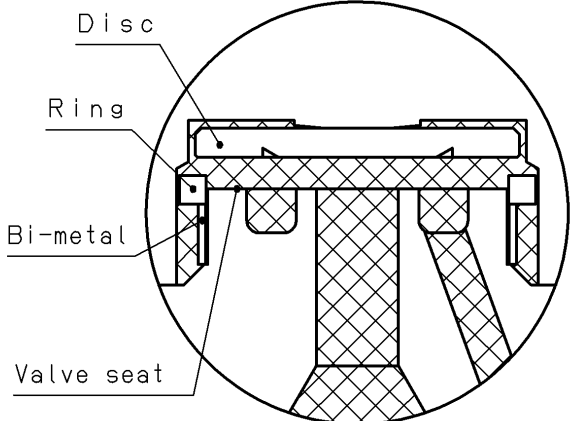
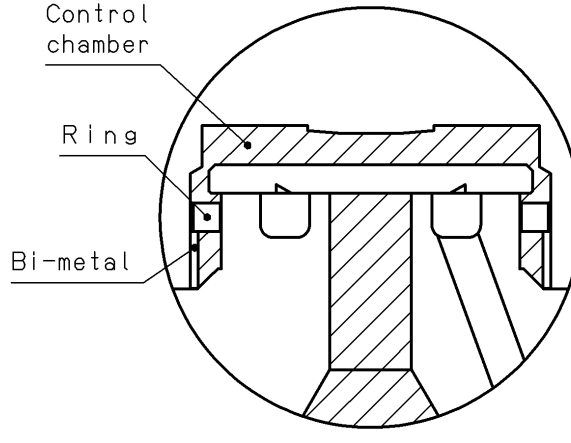
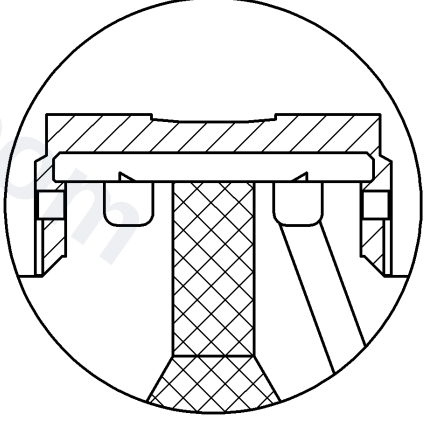
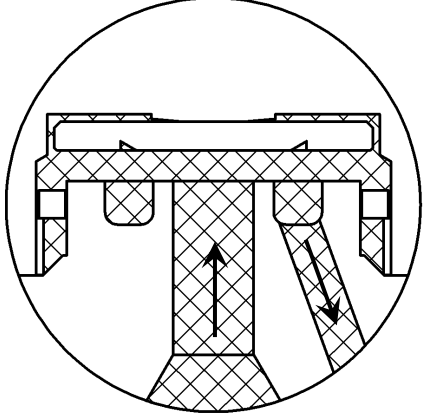
* If they are different, please contact us without using the product.

2. Dimensions and Weights

Refer to the drawing shown in the table below for structure, dimensions and weights.

Model	Connection	Drawing No.
TSD-42	JIS Rc	Y-1108-3601-2
TSD-42F	JIS 10KRF	Y-1300-3606-1
	JIS 20KRF	Y-1300-3610-2
	JIS 30KRF	Y-1300-3612-3
	JIS 40KRF	Y-1300-3693-4
	PN 25/40	Y-1300-3699-5
	ANSI 150lb	Y-1300-3626-6
	ANSI 300lb	Y-1300-3630-7
	ANSI 600lb	Y-1300-3684-8

3. Operation

1. Start-up of the operation At start-up, the bi-metal is so cooled in shrunk and closed condition as to keep the disc lifted up. In this state, incoming air and condensate are discharged out through the outlet smoothly without air-induced troubles.	
2. Closing operation When hot condensate flowing into the trap, the bi-metal expands by the heat, slipping down the slant of the valve seat. At the same time, the ring falls below the top surface level of the valve seat. When condensate temperature approaches the steam saturation temperature, it releases flash steam moving at high velocity under the disc. The high velocity makes a low pressure area between the disc and the valve seat. Then, the pressure in the control chamber, which becomes higher than the pressure between the disc and the valve seat, forces the disc down until it seats.	
3. Inflow of condensate Condensate flowing into the trap reduces temperature, causing the steam inside the control chamber to condensate. This causes the pressure drop, which decreases the force pressing down the disc.	
4. Opening operation When the force pressing down the disc become lower than the force pushing up the disc (induced from the jetting-out port under the disc), the disc is lifted up to opened position and condensate is discharged.	

* The cycle 2 to 4 repeats.



Condensate

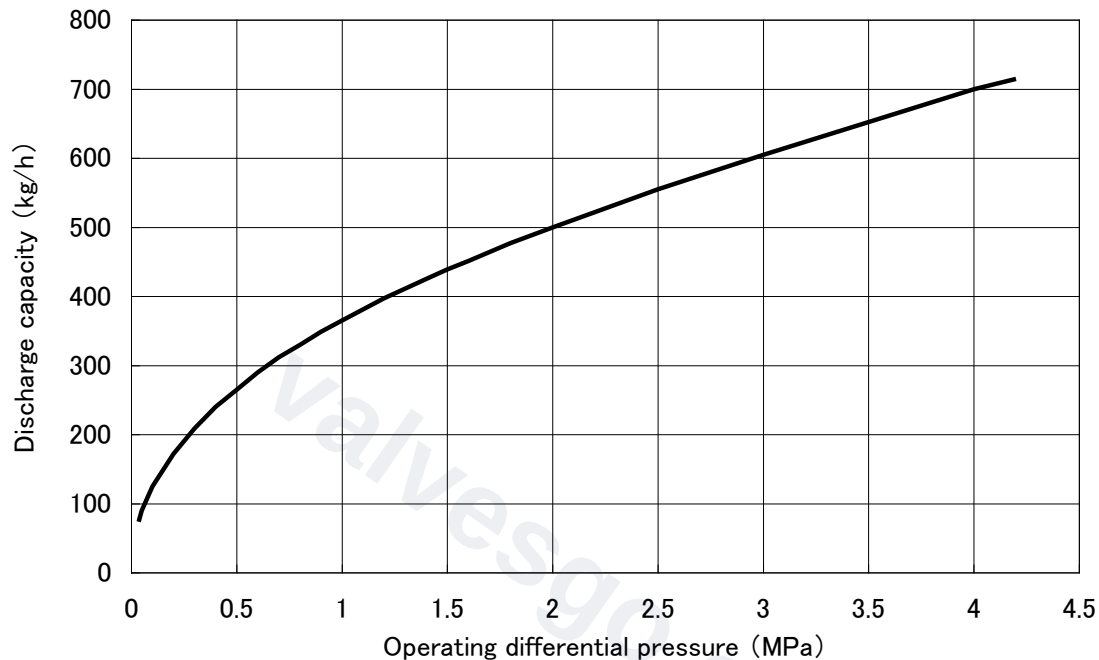


Steam

4. Nominal Size Selection

1. To select the nominal size, secure the safety factor of 4 to 5. If you need a steam trap with a capacity of 100 kg/h, the product with a capacity of 400 to 500 kg/h should be selected for maximum efficiency.
2. Make sure to consider the back pressure (outlet pressure) in selecting discharge capacity. This is because discharge capacity of a trap varies on the difference between the inlet and the outlet pressures (the operating differential pressure). For example, to find the discharge capacity obtained at the inlet pressure of 1.0 MPa and the outlet pressure of 0.2 MPa, trace up from the point of the operating differential pressure of 0.8 MPa in the following chart.

Max. continuous discharge capacity chart (Nominal size: 10A, 15A, 20A and 25A)



5. Installation

5.1 Precaution for installation



Warning

To discharge condensate to the atmosphere, lead the outlet to a place where there is no possibility of physical damage.

* Failure to follow this notice may result in injury and scalds when condensate blows out.

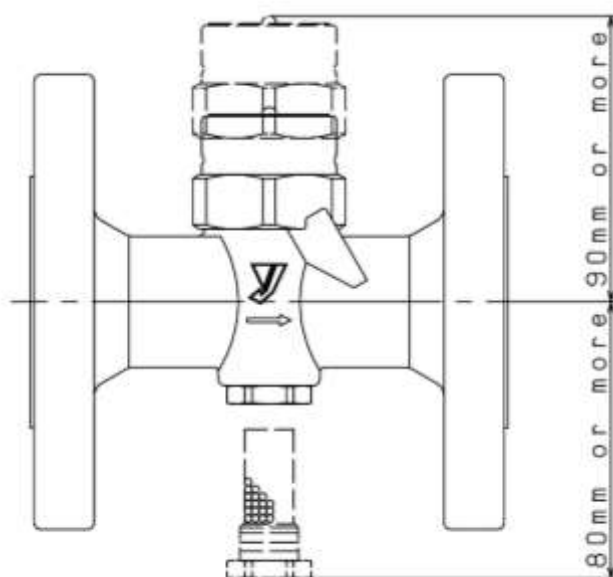


Caution

1. Before connecting the product to piping, remove foreign substances and scale from the piping.
 - * Failure to follow this notice may prevent the product from functioning properly.
 - * To plumb the product, be careful to keep seal materials from entering into the product.
2. Before installation, check the direction of the product so that the fluid flowing and the arrow marked on the product are in the same direction.
 - * Setting the product in wrong directions prevents it from functioning properly.
3. Make sure to support the piping immovably.
 - * If an excessive piping stress is applied, the product may not open or close.
4. Do not disassemble the product unless it is necessary.
 - * Failure to follow this notice may prevent the product from functioning properly.

5. Secure enough space for maintenance (such as cleaning of strainer), inspections and repair as shown below.

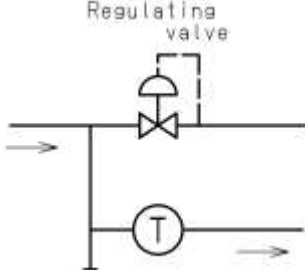
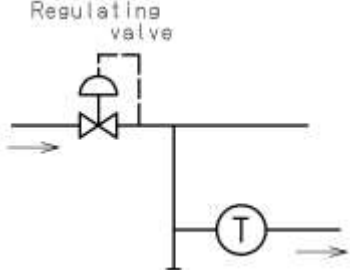
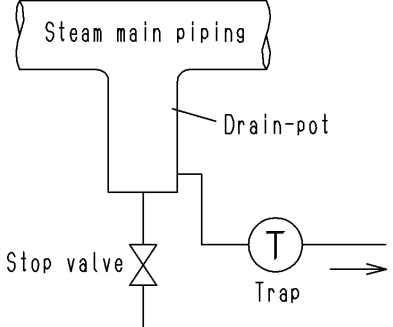
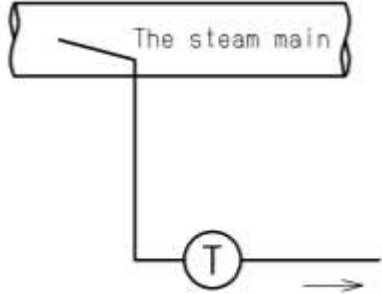
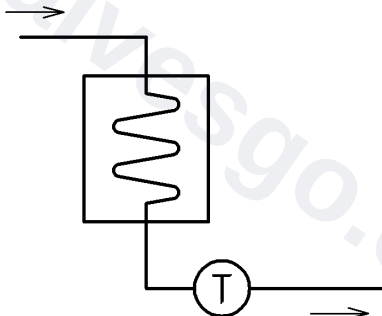
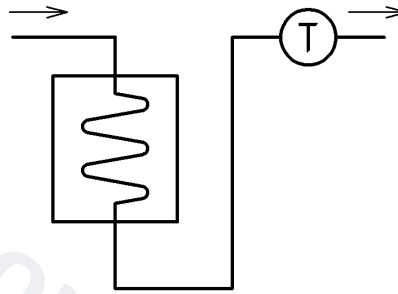
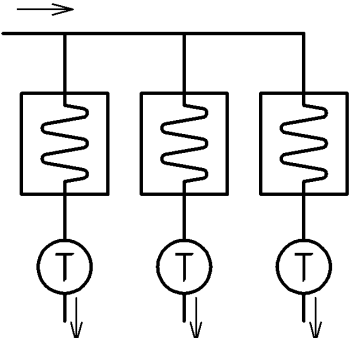
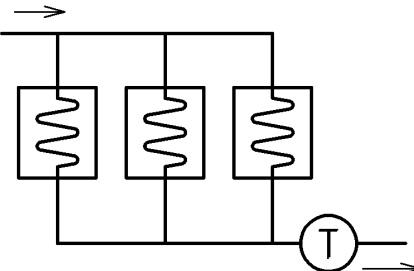
* Failure to follow this notice prevents maintenance, inspection and repair.

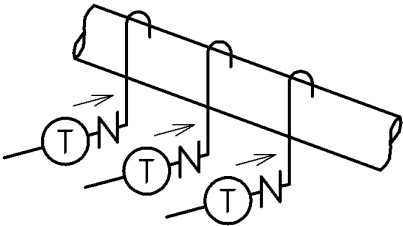
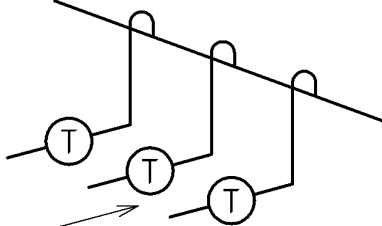
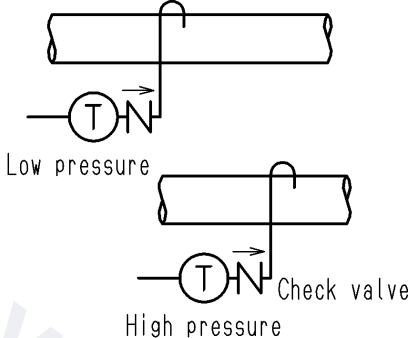
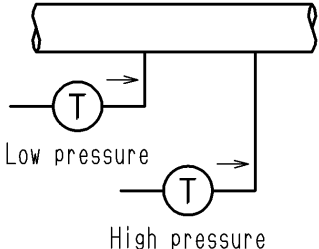
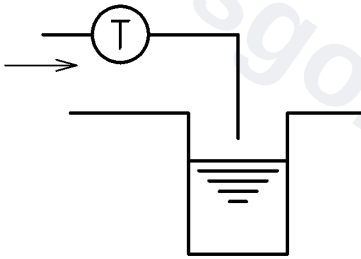
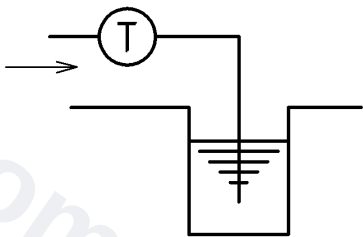


6. Connect the product to the piping properly.
* Improper connection may cause fluid leakage from the connected part.
7. Slope the piping and place the product at as a low position as possible in order to make condensate flow into the product by its own weight.
8. Do not insulate the product.
9. To install the product in a main steam pipe, provide a drip leg at the inlet side of the product.
10. Installing a by-pass line in parallel to the product gives the following advantages:
 - By opening the by-pass valve, large volume of condensate and air on start up can be quickly discharged.
 - After newly plumbing, piping can be blown off easily by closing the stop valves at the inlet and outlet of the product and opening the by-pass valve.
 - Inspection and part replacement of the product can be done without stopping the system operation.

5.2 Piping example

Description	Correct	Incorrect
When a by-pass line is installed in parallel to the product, install stop valves to the outlet side of the product.		

Description	Correct	Incorrect
If the product is installed close to a regulating valve, make sure to place the product at the inlet side of the regulating valve.		
To discharge condensate from the steam main, be sure to install the product so that the condensate can be discharged from the bottom of the steam main (drain-pot).		
The product should be installed below a device which causes condensate.		
To discharge condensate from more than one device, install the product for each device independently.		

Description	Correct	Incorrect
The diameter of collecting pipe should be more than summation of sectional areas of discharge pipes. In addition, install check valves for back flow prevention.		
To recover condensate, connect the discharge pipes at the top of the collecting pipe. For traps of different pressure lines, install individual collecting pipe for each pressure level. In addition, install check valves for back flow prevention.		 * In this piping, re-evaporated steam in high pressure line increases the back pressure of low pressure trap.
End portion of discharge pipe should be off the water surface in the pit.		 * If the discharge pipe is in contact with the water, it takes dirty water from the pit, which causes failure of traps due to foreign substances.

6. Operating Procedure

6.1 Precaution for operation

Warning

1. Before leading fluid, make sure that there is no danger when the fluid flows to the end of piping.
* Failure to follow this notice may result in scalds or injury due to blow-off.
2. Do not stand in front of the outlet of the product whenever the product is operating.
* Failure to follow this notice may result in scalds or injury due to blow-off.

7. Maintenance

7.1 Precaution for maintenance

Warning

Disassembly and inspections must be performed by a professional or a valve manufacturer.

1. Do not touch the product with bare hands.
* Failure to follow this notice may scald your skin.
2. Completely discharge internal pressure of the product, piping and equipment, and cool down the product prior to disassembly or maintenance.
* Failure to follow this notice may result in scalds or injury due to residual pressure.

Caution

1. Conduct daily inspection in order to maintain the optimal performance of the product.
* See "7.2 Troubleshooting" if trouble is observed.
2. After leaving the product not operated for a long period, perform inspection before start-up of operation.
* Failure to follow this notice may cause malfunction due to rust inside of the product and piping.
3. Put a container under the product at disassembly since condensate may flow out.
* Failure to follow this notice may result in making the surroundings dirty.
4. Be careful not to drop the parts at the time of disassembly. The disassembled parts should be placed on soft cloth in order to avoid scratches and damage.
* Damage on the parts may cause malfunction and affect the optimal performance.
5. To reassemble, connect all the parts securely.
* Failure to follow this notice may cause malfunction or outside leakage.
6. When replacing parts, do not use the parts other than the dedicated parts manufactured by Yoshitake. Do not modify the product.
* Failure to follow this notice may cause damage to the product, or may result in scalds or injury due to blow-off or malfunction.
7. In case of problems due to foreign substances or scale, the product needs repair or part replacement. Please contact us for details.
(Please note that any repair due to foreign substances or scale in the product is subject to a charge even during the warranty period.)

7.2 Troubleshooting

Trouble	Cause	Remedy
Condensate is not discharged.	1. Blockage of foreign substances in a discharge hole of the valve seat.	1. Disassemble and clean it.
	2. The strainer [6] is clogging.	2. Disassemble and clean it.
	3. Breakage as a result of abnormal pressure rising due to freezing or water hammer, etc.	3. Replace the product with a new one and use it within the working pressure range.
	4. Steam locking.	4. Change the piping system layout.
Continuous blowout.	1. Foreign substances stuck on the disc [3] and/or valve seat.	1. Disassemble and clean them.
	2. Abrasion or scratches on the disc [3] and/or valve seat.	2. Replace the product with a new one.
	3. Back pressure exceeding over the maximum allowable value.	3. Keep the back pressure not more than the maximum allowable value.
	4. Applied pressure is less than the minimum working pressure.	4. Replace the product with an appropriate model.
Steam leakage.	1. Leakage due to loosen joint between the body [1] and cap [2].	1. Retighten cap [2].
	2. Leakage due to loosen joint between the body [1] and strainer cap [8].	2. Replace the gasket [7] with a new one, and retighten the strainer cap [8].
	3. Leakage as a result of abnormal pressure rising due to freezing or water hammer, etc.	3. Replace the product with a new one and use it within the specified working pressure.
No-load operation.	1. Abrasion or scratches on the disc [3] and/or valve seat.	1. Replace the product with a new one.
	2. Foreign substances stuck on the disc [3] and/or valve seat.	2. Disassemble and clean them.

* Refer to "7.4 Exploded Drawing" for the part names mentioned above.

* Contact us or your local distributor if you are uncertain whether damaged parts need to be replaced or not.

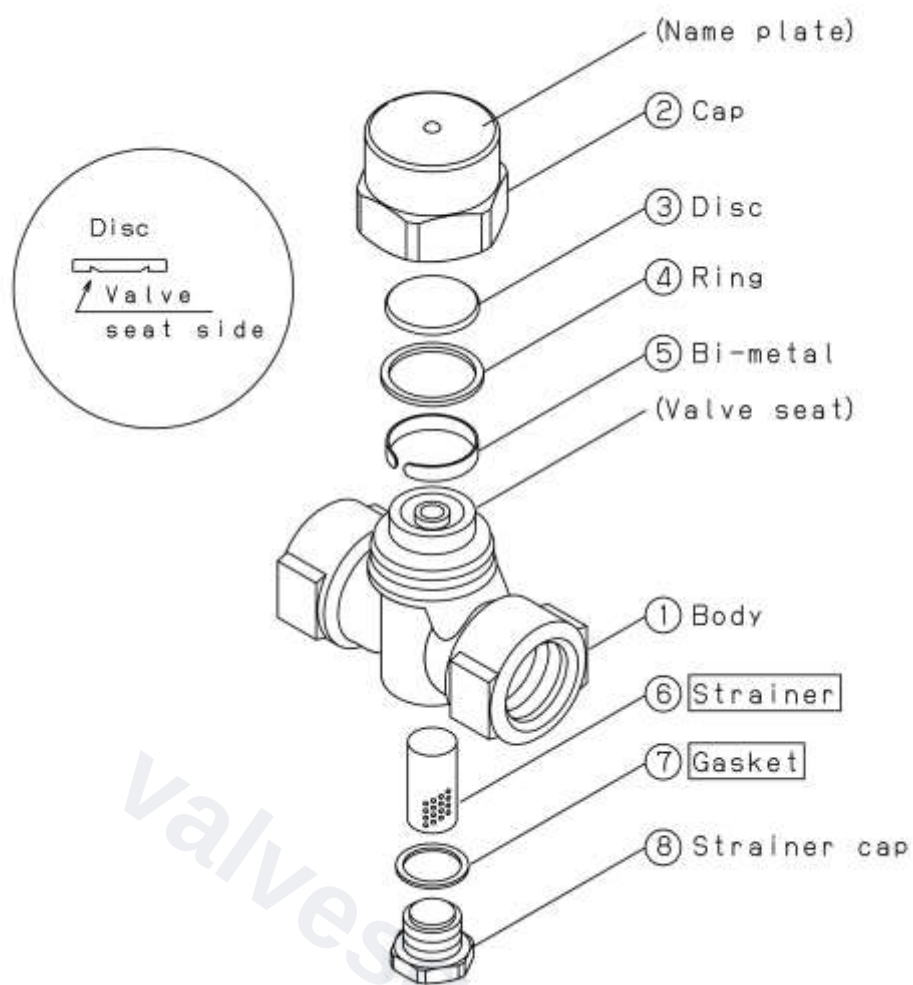
7.3 Disassembly and reassembly procedures

To disassemble the product, follow the procedure below while referring to "7.4 Exploded Drawing."

- Disassembly of body [1] and cap [2]
Loosen and remove the cap [2] (nominal size: 38 mm) with a wrench.
- Disassembly of strainer [6]
Loosen and remove the strainer cap [8] (nominal size: 21 mm) with a wrench, and then take out the strainer [6].
- Reassembly
 - Reassemble in the reverse order of disassembly.
(Check the side of the disc [3] with referring to "7.4 Exploded drawing." If the disc [3] is attached wrongly, steam or condensate is continuously discharged.
 - The gasket [7] is a consumable part. Replace it with a new one when dismounting the strainer cap [8].
 - Apply Anti-seizure agent to the screw parts of the cap② and strainer cap⑧.
 - Tighten the cap [2] and strainer cap [8] with the torque specified in the table below.

Part name	Tightening torque (N·m)
Cap [2]	90
Strainer cap [8]	80

7.4 Exploded Drawing



Part names shown in boxes are consumable items and available as replacements.

Warranty Information

1. Limited warranty

This product has been manufactured using highly-advanced techniques and subjected to strict quality control. Please be sure to use the product in accordance with instructions on the manual and the label attached to it.

Yoshitake warrants the product to be free from any defects in material and workmanship under normal usage for a period of one year from the date of receipt by the original user, but no longer than 24 months from the date of shipment from Yoshitake's factory.

2. Parts supply after product discontinuation

This product may be subject to discontinuation or change for improvement without any prior notice. After the discontinuation of the product, Yoshitake supplies the repair parts for 5 years otherwise individually agreed.

3. This warranty does not cover the damage due to any of below:

- (1) Valve seat leakage or malfunction caused by foreign substances inside piping.
- (2) Improper handling or misuse.
- (3) Improper supply conditions such as abnormal water pressure/quality.
- (4) Water scale or freezing.
- (5) Trouble with power/air supply.
- (6) Any alteration made by other than Yoshitake.
- (7) Use under severe conditions deviating from the design specifications (e.g. in case of corrosion due to outdoor use).
- (8) Fire, flood, earthquake, thunder and other natural disasters.
- (9) Consumable parts such as O-ring, gasket, diaphragm and etc.

Yoshitake is not liable for any damage or loss caused by malfunction or defect of the product.

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